Attorney Docket No.: 944-3.175 Serial No.: 10/608,860

In the claims: Please change the claims as indicated.

WARE FRESSOLA

1. (Original) A method for use by a receiver of a wireless communication system in receiving over a communication channel a radio transmission of a number of symbols each having an in-phase and a quadrature component, the method including a step (11) of receiving and sampling the radio transmission so as to provide a succession of samples, and also a step (12) of filtering the succession of samples, the method characterized in that:

the step (12) of filtering the succession of samples includes a step (12b) of whitening the samples on a sample-by-sample basis by evaluating, for each sample in the succession of samples, a noise plus interference correlation matrix $(\tilde{\mathbf{R}}_{ii})$ including information about the correlation of both the in-phase and quadrature phase components of the sample.

- 2. (Original) A method as in claim 1, wherein the step (12) of filtering is further characterized by:
- a step (12a) of switching on or off the step (12b) of whitening the samples, with the switching based on determining whether the communication channel is sensitivity-limited so that noise is present that can be characterized as substantially white.
- 3. (Original) A method as in claim 1, wherein whether the communication channel is determined to be sensitivity-limited is based on a calculated value of a metric (M_{ic}, M_{il}) and a corresponding predetermined threshold (τ_{ic}, τ_{il}) .
- 4. (Original) A method as in claim 3, wherein the metric (M_κ) is based on relative values of different components of the noise

Attorney Docket No.: 944-3.175 Serial No.: 10/608,860

plus interference correlation matrix $(\widetilde{\mathbf{R}}_{ii})$.

5. (Original) A method as in claim 3, wherein the switching is based on comparing the value of a metric $(M_{\rm d})$ defined by

$$M_{ii} = \frac{R_{iii}}{R_{oii}}$$

where $R_{0ii} = E[\mathbf{i}_k^* \mathbf{i}_k]$ and $R_{1ii} = E[\mathbf{i}_k^* \mathbf{i}_{k+1}]$.

- 6. (Original) A method as in claim 3, wherein the switching is based on examining a second order or a higher order statistic of the noise plus interference signal (i_k) related to the noise plus interference correlation matrix $(\widetilde{\mathbf{R}}_{ii})$.
- 7. (Original) A method as in claim 1, further characterized in that the noise plus interference correlation matrix $(\widetilde{\mathbf{R}}_{ii})$ is determined using:

$$\widetilde{\mathbf{R}}_{ii} = E[\mathbf{i}_k \mathbf{i}_k^*],$$

where i_k is a noise plus interference signal.

8. (Original) A method as in claim 7, further characterized in that each vector \mathbf{y}_k representing one symbol is whitened using:

$$\widetilde{\mathbf{y}}_{k} = \mathbf{W}\mathbf{y}_{k}$$

where W is defined as the inverse of a square root operation on the noise plus interference correlation matrix \widetilde{R}_{ii} , so that:

$$\mathbf{W} = \widetilde{\mathbf{R}}_{ii}^{-1/2} .$$

Attorney Docket No.: 944-3.175 Serial No.: 10/608,860

- 9. (Original) A method as in claim 1, wherein each symbol is indicated by one or more samples, including samples from possibly different antennas.
- 10. (Currently amended) A receiver used as part of or with a wireless communication system, characterized in that it comprises means (12) for performing the steps (12a 12b) (12 12b) recited in claim 1.
- 11. (Original) A receiver as in claim 10, wherein the receiver is part of a mobile station.
- 12. (Original) A receiver as in claim 10, wherein the receiver is part of a base station of a radio access network of the wireless communication system.
- 13. (Currently amended) A system, comprising a mobile station and a base station used as part of or with a wireless communication system, each including a receiver, characterized in that at least one of the receivers comprises means (12) for performing the steps (12a-12b) (12 12b) recited in claim 1.